

(1) Simplify each

$\sqrt{20}$

$\sqrt{18}$

$\sqrt{75}$

$\sqrt{200}$

$\sqrt{32}$

$\sqrt{p^2}$

(2) Write each in the form \sqrt{N}

$3\sqrt{5}$

$2\sqrt{2}$

$5\sqrt{2}$

$a\sqrt{b}$

$t^2\sqrt{t}$

$7\sqrt{2}$

(3) Simplify each

$\sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{3}$

$\sqrt{6} \times 4\sqrt{3}$

$2\sqrt{5} \times 4\sqrt{10}$

$\sqrt{a} \times \sqrt{a}$

(4) Expand and simply each

$\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2} + 1)$

$\sqrt{6}(\sqrt{2} - 2)$

$2\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{6})$

$\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{a} + b)$

$5\sqrt{7}(5 - \sqrt{7})$

(5) Expand and simply each

$(\sqrt{5} + 2)(\sqrt{5} + 6)$

$(\sqrt{6} - 4)(2\sqrt{6} + 1)$

$(\sqrt{5} - 6)(\sqrt{10} + 6)$

$(\sqrt{a} + 2)(\sqrt{a} + 6)$

$(\sqrt{b} + 2)(\sqrt{a} + 6)$

(6) Simplify each

$\frac{\sqrt{20}}{\sqrt{5}}$

$\sqrt{\frac{27}{9}}$

$\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{8}}$

$\sqrt{2\frac{2}{9}}$

$\sqrt{\frac{a^2}{a}}$

(7) Simplify each, if possible

$\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3}$

$5\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{2}$

$\sqrt{50} - \sqrt{2}$

$2\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{75}$

$5\sqrt{8} - \sqrt{2}$

$10\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}$

(8) Rationalise the denominator for each simplify your answer fully where possible

$\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$

$\frac{8}{\sqrt{2}}$

$\frac{7}{3\sqrt{5}}$

$\frac{a}{\sqrt{a}}$

$\frac{1 + \sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{2}}$

$\frac{10 - \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}}$

(9) Rationalise the denominator for each simplify your answer fully where possible

$\frac{2}{3 + \sqrt{5}}$

$\frac{3}{4 - \sqrt{3}}$

$\frac{2 + \sqrt{3}}{7 + \sqrt{3}}$

$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}}$

$\frac{1 - \sqrt{3}}{1 + \sqrt{3}}$

$\frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3}}$

(10) Write $(2\sqrt{3} - 1)(3\sqrt{6} + 1)$ in the form $A\sqrt{2} + B\sqrt{3} + C\sqrt{6} + D$

(11) The area of the rectangle below is $(7 + 7\sqrt{2})$. One side length is $(\sqrt{2} + 3)$.

(a) Find the exact value of the other side length,

(b) Find the perimeter of the rectangle in exact form, simplifying your answer.

(12) Solve the equation $x\sqrt{3} - 1 = 2x - \sqrt{6}$ giving your answer in the form $x = A\sqrt{2} + B\sqrt{3} + C\sqrt{6} + D$

(13) Given that $(a + \sqrt{b})^2 \equiv 10(3 + \sqrt{5})$ find the values of a and b .

(14) The diagram below shows a right-angled triangle. Show that the perimeter of the triangle can be written in the form $a + b\sqrt{19}$ where a and b are integers to be found.

