

WORKING AT B/C

(1) (a) Given that 2n is always even, show that the sum of the squares of two consecutive even numbers can be written as

 $8n^2 + 8n + 4$

(b) Hence, prove that the sum of the squares of two consecutive even numbers is always divisible by 4.

WORKING AT A*/A

(1) Prove, that if *a* and *b* are both positive numbers, then $\frac{a^2+b^2}{2ab} \ge 1$

(2) Prove, that if x and y are both positive integers, then $\frac{y}{x} + \frac{x}{y} \ge 2$

(2) If n is a single digit odd number, prove that n + 1 is not always a single digit even number.

(2) Prove that the difference between the cubes of any consecutive integers is always one more than a multiple of 3.

(3) Prove, by counter example, that $2n^2 + 1$ for all positive integers *n* is not always a prime number.

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