

Algebraic Proof – www.m4ths.com – Steve Blades! ©

- (1) Prove that $(n + 5)^2 - n^2 \equiv 5(2n + 5)$
- (2) Prove that $(2n + 1)^2 - (2n - 1)^2 \equiv 8n$
- (3) Prove that $(n + 3)^2 + n^2 - 5 \equiv 2(n + 1)(n + 2)$
- (4) Prove that $(n + 3)^2 - (n - 3)^2$ is always a multiple of 12 for all positive integer values of n .
- (5) Prove that $(n + 3)^2 + (n + 5)^2$ is always even for all positive integer values of n .
- (6) Prove that $(n - 4)^2 + (n - 4)^3 \equiv (n - 3)(n - 4)^3$
- (7) Prove that $n^2 - 8n + 18$ is always positive for all values of n .
- (8) Prove that $(2 + 3n)^2 + (4 + n)^2$ is divisible by 10 for all positive integer values of n .
- (9) Prove that $n^2 + (n + 1)^2$ is always odd for all positive integer values of n .
- (10) Prove that the sum of any two consecutive integers is always odd.
- (11) Prove that the difference between any two consecutive odd integers is always 2.
- (12) Prove that the sum of any 3 consecutive even numbers is always a multiple of 6.
- (13) Prove that the product of any 2 consecutive even integers is always a multiple of 4.
- (14) Prove that the sum of the squares of any 3 consecutive integers is always 1 less than a multiple of 3.
- (15)* Prove that $8n - 5 - 4n^2$ is always negative for all values of n .
- (16)* Prove that the sum of the cubes of any two consecutive odd integers is always divisible by 4.
- (17)* Prove that the difference between the cubes of any two consecutive even integers is always at least 8.

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