Expanding Single Brackets - www.m4ths.com - Steve Blades ©

Expand each single bracket:

- (1) 3(x+8)
- (2) 5(x-2)
- (3) 4(2x + 3)
- (4) 3(5x-1)
- (5) 10(4-x)
- (6) 7(3-2x)
- (7) 10(7x+2)
- (8) 5(x y)
- (9) 100(x+1)

Multiply out each bracket

- (1) x(x+3)
- (2) 2x(x-5)
- (3) 4x(2x+1)
- (4) x(4+3x)
- (5) 6x(4-x)
- (6) x(3+10x)
- (7) 10x(x+1)
- (8) 3p(t-p+1)

Expand **AND SIMPLIFY** each:

- (1) 3(x+8) + 2(x+1)
- (2) 10(x+3) + 5(x-2)
- (3) 5(x+1) + 4(x+3)
- (4) 4(x-2) + 5(x+6)
- (5) 7(8+3x)+9(x+1)
- (6) 5(3-x)+6(x+2)
- (7) 6(2x+1)+(4+3x)
- (8) A(B+C) + B(C-A)

Worded Questions

- (1) A rectangle has side lengths of 2x and (3x 4)
- (a) Find an expression for the area of the rectangle.
- (b) Find an expression for the perimeter of the rectangle
- (2) A triangle has a base of 4x and a height of 6x 4. Find a simplified express for the area of the triangle.

More than one Pair of Brackets

Expand & simplify each!

- (1) 3(4x+8)-4(x+1)
- (2) p(q+3) + p(5+q)
- (3) t(r+5) + r(t-3)
- (4) x(y+x) + y(x+y)
- (5) 10(q-3)-q(5+q)
- (6) A rectangle has an area of (4x 2) and one side length of 2. Find an expression for the perimeter of the rectangle.

An Introduction to identities

In the question below an identity is shown. The \equiv means the expression on the left-hand side is the same as the expression on the right-hand side.

(1) $Ax(3x + B) + 5(4x + C) \equiv 6x^2 + 40x - 15$. Find the values of A, B and C.