

(44) Binomial Expansion (Estimations and Approximations)

WORKING AT D/E

- (1) (a) Find the terms up to and including the term in x^2 in the expansion of $(1 + x)^7$
- (b) By choosing a suitable value of x , use your answer to part (a) show that a quadratic approximation to 1.01^7 is 1.0721

- (2) (a) Find the first 4 terms in the expansion of $(1 - 2x)^{12}$ in ascending powers of x .
- (b) Use your answer to part (a) to find an approximation to the expansion of 0.96^{12}

WORKING AT B/C

- (1) (a) Find the first 3 terms in the expansion of $(2 - \frac{x}{4})^8$ in ascending powers of x , simplifying each term.
- (b) Using your answer to part (a), find a quadratic approximation for 1.99^8
- (c) Show that the percentage error for the approximation is less than 1%.

- (2) (a) Find the first 3 terms in the expansion of $(5 - \frac{x}{3})^9$ in ascending powers of x . Simplify each coefficient fully.
- (b) If x is small and terms in x^2 and higher can be ignored, show that
- $$\left(\frac{1}{5} + x\right)\left(5 - \frac{x}{3}\right)^9 \approx 390625 + 1718750x$$

WORKING AT A*/A

- (1) If x is small and terms in x^2 and higher can be ignored, show that $(a + x)^n(a - x)^n \approx a^{2n}$ when a and n are positive integers.

- (2) Use the binomial expansion of $(5 - 4x)^8$ to find a cubic approximation for 4.92^8 giving your answer to 1 decimal place.