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# (35) Applying the Addition Formulae in Trig

#### WORKING AT D/E

(1) Using the formula book with  $A = 45^{\circ}$  and  $B = 30^{\circ}$  show that the exact value of  $\sin(75^{\circ})$  is  $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6}$ 

(2) Use the formula book to write  $\cos 60 \cos 45 + \sin 60 \sin 45$  in the form  $\cos P$  where P is an acute angle.

(3) (a) Using the formula book, show that

$$\tan 15^0 = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}}{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}}$$

(b) Hence, without a calculator, show that  $\tan 15^{\circ} = 2 - \sqrt{3}$ 

### WORKING AT B/C

(1) Using the expansion of cos(A + B) show that

$$\cos\left(\frac{5\pi}{12}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}}{4}$$

(2) Write 
$$\frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{1-\sqrt{3}}$$
 in the form  $\tan P$ ,  $\frac{\pi}{2} < P < \pi$ 

(3) Given that  $\cos A = \frac{1}{3}$  and  $\cos B = \frac{1}{6}$  where A and B are both acute angles, show that:

$$(a) \sin A = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$$

$$(b) \sin B = \frac{\sqrt{35}}{6}$$

(c) 
$$\cos(A + B) = \frac{1 - 2\sqrt{70}}{18}$$

(d) 
$$\sin(A + B) = \frac{2\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{35}}{18}$$

(e) Using a calculator, show that tan(A + B) = -0.556 correct to 3 significant figures.

#### WORKING AT A\*/A

(1) Given that  $\tan A = p$  and  $\tan B = q$  where A is an acute angle and B is a reflex angle, show that

$$\cos(A+B) = \frac{1-pq}{\left(\sqrt{1+p^2}\right)\left(\sqrt{1+q^2}\right)}$$

(2) Given that  $\sin A = 0.8$  and  $\cos B = 0.6$ , where *A* is an obtuse angle and *B* is a reflex angle, show that  $\cot(A + B) = \frac{7}{24}$ 

