

Sketch the graphs of the following showing the coordinates on each graph:

(a) y = 3f(x) (b) y = f(2x) (c) y = -f(x)(d) y = f(-x) (e) y = f(0.5x) (f) y = -4f(x)

(g)
$$y = -f(-x)$$
 (h) $y = 0.5f(x)$ (i) $y = 1 - f(x)$

WORKING AT B/C

(1) The graph of y = f(x) is transformed to the graph of y = 5f(x - 1). State fully the transformations that map the graphs of y = f(x) to y = 5f(x - 1).

(2) The graph of y = g(x) is shown below. The minimum point has coordinates (-2, -1).



Sketch the graph of $y = -2g\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$ stating the coordinates of the maximum point.

(3) (a) Sketch the graph of y = (x - 4)(x + 8)(x - 12)(x - 1)
(b) HENCE Sketch the graph of y = (4x - 4)(4x + 8)(4x - 12)(4x - 1)

WORKING AT A*/A

(1) $f(x) = x^2 - 6x + 9$ and $g(x) = 4x^2 - 12x + 9$

State **fully**, the transformations that maps the graph of y = f(x) to the graph of y = g(x).

(2) $h(x) = (x - 2)^2(x - 4)$

The graph of y = h(x) is transformed to the graph of y = kh(x) where k is a constant. Given that the graph of y = kh(x) crosses the y axis at the point (0,24) find the value of k.

(3) Sketch $y = 3(x - 2)(x + 1)(x - a)^2$ where a > 2

Show where the graph meets or crosses the coordinate axes giving your answers in terms of *a* where appropriate.

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