

WORKING AT B/C

(1) Sketch the graphs of $y = 4 - x^2$ and x + y = 3 on the same set of axes to find the number of solutions to the simultaneous equations:

 $y = 4 - x^2$ x + y = 3

WORKING AT A*/A

(1) The graph of $x^2 + y^2 = 30$ has a tangent with equation y = 2x + k where k is a constant. Show that $k = \pm 5\sqrt{6}$

(2) (a) Sketch the graphs of $x^2 + y^2 = 50$ and y = -x on the same set of axes.

(b) Use algebra to shows the points of intersection of the two graphs have integer solutions.

(2) The graphs of $y = 3x^2 + k$ and the line with equation y = mx where k and m are constants do not intersect. Explain clear why:

 $-2\sqrt{3k} < m < 2\sqrt{3k}$

<u>Use the graphs</u> to solve the simultaneous equations

$$y = 2 - x$$
$$y = x - 4$$

(2) By sketching the graphs of $y = x^2 + 2$ and $y = 1 - x^2$ on the same set of axes, show that there are no solutions to the simultaneous equations

$$y = x^2 + 2$$
$$y = 1 - x^2$$

(3) By considering the discriminant, state the number of times the graphs of $x^2 - y = 3$ and y = 5 - x meet or intersect.

(3) The height (h) metres of a rocket above the launch pad after (t) seconds can be modelled by the equation $h = -2t^2 + kt$ where k is a constant and $t \ge 0$. Find the value of k such that the maximum height of the rocket is 30 metres above the launch pad. Given your answer in exact form.

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