

## WORKING AT B/C

(1) The equation  $x^2 + kx + 16 = 0$  has a repeated real root. Find the two possible values of k.

(2) The quadratic equation  $6x^2 + 4kx + 5 = 0$ , k < 0 has a discriminant of -56. Find the value of k.

## WORKING AT A\*/A

(1) The graphs of y = 3 and  $y = x^2 + kx + 10$  do not intersect. Show that  $-2\sqrt{7} < k < 2\sqrt{7}$ 

(2) The equation  $4kx^2 + 4kx + 4 = 0$ ,  $k \neq 0$  has a repeated root. Find the numeric value of this root.

(3) The diagram below shows part of the graph of  $y = x^2 + px + q$ . The points (0, -1) and (3, -10) lie on the curve. Find the value of the discriminant for  $x^2 + px + q = 0$ .



(3) The quadratic equation  $kx^2 + 5kx = 3$  has no real roots. Find the set of values that satisfy k.

(3) Sketch the graph of a quadratic equation that has a discriminant of 0.

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