Probability and Set Notation overview to A/A* GCSE standard	Bag A contains 10 black balls. Bag B contains 5 black balls.
Show workings in your book and write the answer on the sheet	5 green balls are then placed in bag A and 10 green balls are placed in bag B
Shade Each Venn Diagram below using the information given	Mike takes one ball from bag A and one ball from bag B.
$A \cap B'$ $A \cup B$ $A' \cap B'$	(a) What is the probability they are both black?
	(b) What is the probability one is red?
	All of the balls are now placed in one bag together called bag C.
	(c) One ball is taken from bag C and replaced, (a) Find the probability is black. (b) Find the probability is black. (b) Find
	were both different colours. We says the probability of this happening will be $7/12 \pm$
	6/12 Explain what is wrong with his statement. (e) Find the probability they were both
$(A \cap B)' \qquad (A' \cap B')' \qquad A' \cup B$	different colours.
	Bonus question:
	to black counters are added to bay C. Draw a venin diagram with only two circles to
	The probability of landing on a black segment on a spinner if 0.3. The probability of
$ \setminus \bigvee / \setminus \bigvee / \setminus \bigvee / $	landing on a vellow segment is 0.2
	(a) What is the probability of landing on a black or yellow segment
From the Venn diagram below find:	(b) State why landing on a black and landing on a yellow segment are mutually exclusive.
(1) $P(A)$ (2) $P(A' \cap B)$ (3) $P(A \cup B)$ (4) $P(A \cap B)'$	(a) Use set notation to describe the shading below. (b) Find $P(A \cup B)$
Show the following sets in a Venn diagram:	0.3
$C = \{1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10\}$	The tree diagram below shows 2 independent events. The first is passing the practical
	driving test first time. The second event is passing the theory driving test first time. Given
$D = \{5, 6, 9, 12\}$	the probability of passing both the theory and practical first time is 0.16 (a) complete the
(Desitive Integers to 14)	tree diagram and explain what P' means.
$\zeta = \{\text{Positive integers to } 14\}$	Theory
State the members of the sets:	PraticalP
$(1) C \cap D (2) C \cup D (3) C' \cap D (4) (C \cup D)'$	P P
John often looks out the window at home throughout the day. When he is at the window	0.2 p'
the probability it is dark is 0.2. He also looks at his watch when at the window. The	
probability its PM is 0.3. Find:	< → P
(a) The probability he looks out the window and its light and past midday. (b) The	
probability that if he looks out the window three times in a day and its light on all 3	
Occasions.	(h) Find the probability of failing both the first time
them:	(c) Why is it not conditional probability?
Black Silver Chrome	Which is more likely? (You must show full workings)
Nuts 11 52	(1) rolling 3 number 4s on a fair six sided die in a row or
Bolts 12	(2) flipping 7 heads in a row on a fair standard 10p coin
	A survey was carried out amongst 100 students. 42 owned Bipods, 20 owned laptops
	Find
(a) Complete the table	(a) What is the probability of one student being chosen owning neither?
(b) Find the probability that if one item is taken at random it's a bolt	(b) What is the probability the student chosen at random owned an Ipod but not laptop?
(c) Find the probability of pulling 3 bolts out in a row if they are thrown back in each time.	(c) What is the probability that someone chosen at random didn't own just a laptop? (Be
(u) il ooo items were draw out (and replaced each time) now many would you expect to	careful here!!)
(e) Find the probability of not getting a Chrome bolt if only one item is taken out	If a darts player loses his last math the probability he will lose the next is 0.4. If a darts
The probability of a football team's game being called off is 0.01	player wins his last match the probability he will lose the next is 0.1
What is the probability the game will go ahead?	Given he lost his last match, what is the probability he wins the next 2?
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