

Drawing straight line graphs from a table**Example $y = 2x + 1$**

You can substitute in x coordinates to find the y coordinates, plot them & draw graphs

x	0	1	2	3
y	1	3	5	7

Now plot the points (0,1), (1,3), (2,5) and (3,7) and draw a straight line through them (use a simple 1 x 1 axis in your book)

Task 1

Copy tables and draw the graphs of the following lines

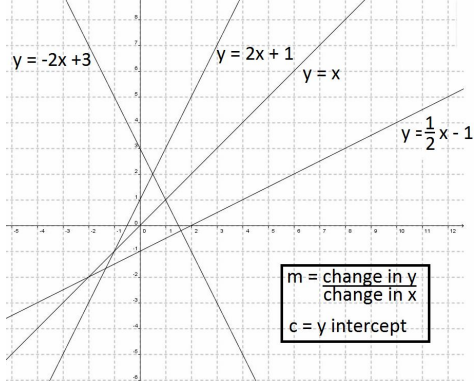
$y = 2x - 1$	$y = x + 3$	$y = -x + 1$
$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1$	$y = 3 - x$	$y = 3x$

The equation of a straight line is

$$y = mx + c$$

m is the gradient (or the change in y ÷ the change in x) and **c** is the y intercept.

$y = 3x - 1$ has a gradient of 3 and y intercept of -1. Some lines are shown below



m = change in y
change in x
c = y intercept

Task 2

Without drawing a table of values graph and label the following lines.

$y = x + 1$	$y = 2x - 1$	$y = 3x + 2$
$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1$	$y = x$	$y = -2x + 3$
$y = -x + 1$	$y = 3 + 2x$	$y = 4 - x$
$y - x = 2$	$y = \frac{1}{4}x$	$x = 2$

Task 3

The gradient of a line is the change in y ÷ change in x. by plotting the 2 points given (i) find the gradient of the line (ii) The equation of the line

A:(2,2) B:(3,3)	A:(1,3) B:(2,5)	A:(2,2) B:(3,3)
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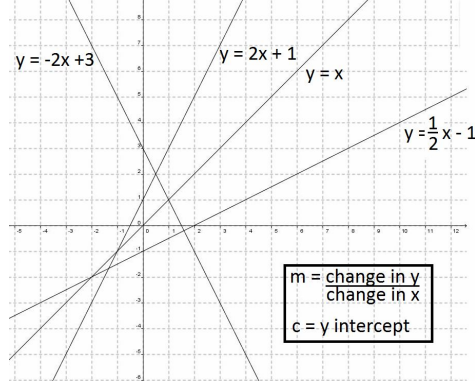
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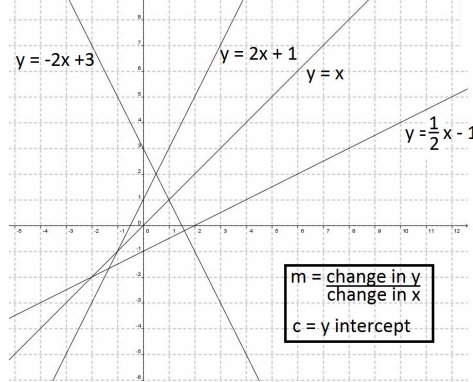
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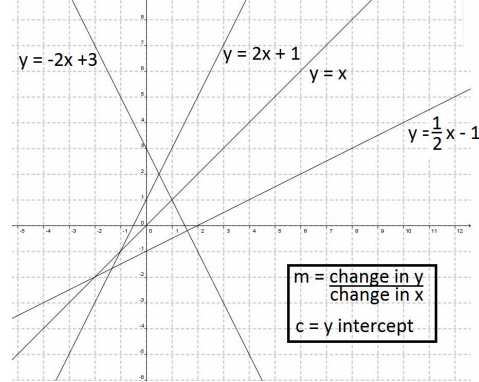
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